

Design Review Report – Item 1

Local

Venue:

City of Stirling government:

Item 1 – PDA24/0072 – 73 Wanneroo Road, Tuart Hill - Pre Development Application Item no.:

- Childcare Centre

Chairperson: Philip Gresley Panel Tony Blackwell Jackson Liew members:

Lisa Shine

Dean Williams Local Coordinator Planning Senior Planning Officer Karina Bowater government Simone Palmer **DRP Support Officer** officers:

Observers Meron Nega **Planning Officer**

City of Stirling - Challenger Room

5 December 2024 Date: Time: 2pm

Proponent/s Alan Stewart Lateral Planning (Applicant) Nicole Cavanagh Plan E (remotely) Macri Builders Frank Macri Della Cape Pty Ltd **Owners** Observer/s

Briefings			
Development assessment overview	Karina Bowater	Senior Planning Officer	
Technical issues	Karina Bowater	Senior Planning Officer	
Design Review			
Proposed development	Item 1 – PDA24/0072 – 73 Wanneroo Road, Tuart Hill - Pre Development Application – Childcare Centre		
Property address	73 Wanneroo Road, Tuart Hill		
Background			
Proposal			
Applicant or applicant's representative address to the design review panel Alan Stewart Nicole Cavanagh Plan E (remotely)			
Key issues / recommendations	The Panel commended the progress made since DRP1, particularly in integrating the proposal into its context and enhancing its contribution to the streetscape. The front setback and its integration into the public realm are positive, but there is an untapped opportunity to transform this space into a more meaningful urban landscape. Rather than a traditional "front garden," this area could be reimagined as a usable interface for the community and		



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	development, incorporating paving, seating, and shade elements to encourage interaction and activate the streetscape.
	A key issue identified is the need to provide additional light to external spaces. Reconfiguring voids, particularly in the middle-level play areas, could enhance access to light and improve functionality for users. The façade shows improvement, but further refinement is needed to simplify materiality, better integrate brickwork, and align the building's character with its civic purpose.
	While sustainability measures are progressing, shading for the eastern and western elevations and revised Solar Reflectance Index values for materials should be prioritized to improve thermal performance. The Panel also encourages clearer detailing of planters and landscaping on structure, as well as playful elements to create a more welcoming environment for children. The Panel looks forward to reviewing further progress at DRP3. Refer to attached Design Quality Evaluation Report.
Chairperson signature	There is all and the second of

Design quality ev Item 1 – PDA24/0		ation – 73 Wanneroo Road, Tuart Hill – Pre Development Application – Child
Care Premise	nur	sday 5 December 2024
Did Meeting 11	Īs	Design Principle satisfied
	Р	Design Principle pending further attention
	N	Design Principle not satisfied
Principle 1 Context and character		Good design responds to and enhances the distinctive characteristics of a local area, contributing to a sense of place.
		1a. The Panel appreciates the consideration of context and the steps taken to integrate the proposal into its surroundings, particularly through the well-placed front setback and its integration into the public realm. These elements contribute positively to the streetscape.
		1b. The front landscaped setback offers an untapped opportunity to become a more meaningful urban space that better acknowledges its location at a harsh, vehicular-dominated corner. Rather than a traditional "garden," this area could be developed as a usable interface for both the community and the development. Seating, shading, and flexible-use spaces would enhance this interface and create a more active relationship with the site's context.
	P	1c. The proposed green feature element at the corner is considered superfluous and does not adequately contribute to site identity. A more architectural corner treatment should be explored to strengthen the site's presence and interface with the public realm.
		1d. Further refinement is encouraged at the ground plane and main entry canopy to create a finer grain of detail and a more pedestrian-friendly experience.
		1e. The façade design, while showing some significant improvement, requires refinement to ensure the use of brick is more cohesive and balanced, contributing to a stronger integration with the surrounding context and enhancing the building's character as a civic and community-focused presence.
Principle 2 Landscape quality		Good design recognises that together landscape and buildings operate as an integrated and sustainable system, within a broader ecological context.
		The Panel supports the proposal's generous deep soil zones, which provide a strong foundation for quality landscaping.
		2b. The Panel commented that the overall landscape design is well-placed to contribute to the streetscape and benefit the wider community, though further refinement is needed to maximize its potential.
		2c. The Panel noted that sections currently do not provide sufficient information to show how external spaces are working. Further detail is required to demonstrate how landscaping integrates with the overall design.
	Р	2d. It was recommended that the front setback buffer be developed further to provide a more urban feel. Incorporating paving, seating, and even shade elements could create a stronger sense of community and support public interaction. Opportunities also exist to reclaim some of this space to create a outlook and interactivity for staff use, and connect to the first-floor activity room through a decking system. This would enhance activation and provide a more dynamic interface with the street. The necessity of the maintenance access located in the front garden was also questioned. The existing Canary Island Date Palm should be retained and celebrated as a valuable asset. Additional trees could be integrated around it to enhance the landscape and provide shade.
		2e. The detailing of planters needs further interrogation, particularly regarding their height, to ensure they function effectively.
		2f. Further clarity is required on how landscaping is supported on structure. Detailed sections showing the construction and feasibility of landscaping elements would strengthen confidence in the design approach.

		2g. The Panel suggested that some of the brickwork elements from the façade could be introduced into the landscape to provide material continuity and reinforce the architectural character.
		2h. The species list should be reviewed as Magnolia Grandiflora and Cercis Canadensis are on the shot-hole borer list. Replacing them with alternative species that are more resilient is recommended.
		2i. Artificial turf is considered acceptable in this scheme due to its shaded location, which significantly reduces toxic gases and minimizes heat gain. However, a overshadowing diagram should be provided to demonstrate this and ongoing management and maintenance of this surface should be considered.
		2j. The ground level tree to the west of the entry way may be somewhat constrained. This would benefit from additional consideration and could be better integrated to enhance the entry way and streetscape.
Principle 3 Built form and scale		Good design ensures that the massing and height of development is appropriate to its setting and successfully negotiates between existing built form and the intended future character of the local area.
	S	3a. The Panel supports the built form and scale, noting it fits well within its current and future context. The massing strikes a balance between ambition and sensitivity to the surrounding area.
Principle 4 Functionality and build quality		Good design meets the needs of users efficiently and effectively, balancing functional requirements to perform well and deliver optimum benefit over the full life-cycle.
	P	 4a. The Panel supports the reduced car parking provision, provided it is justified with supporting evidence. 4b. Finished floor levels (FFLs) should be included in plans for clarity. 4c. Reconsidering the stairwell's placement and orientation is recommended to improve circulation and light penetration into internal spaces. 4d. More detailed information on landscaping on structures is needed to confirm
		feasibility, including soil depths and planting heights. 4e. Cot rooms and activity spaces require enhanced light penetration. Creating a longer and more generous northern boundary landscaped skylight, plus enlarging decking voids would create brighter, more comfortable environments.
Principle 5 Sustainability		Good design optimises the sustainability of the built environment, delivering positive environmental, social and economic outcomes.
	Р	 5a. The presentation of a sustainability report is a positive outcome. 5b. The Panel encourages stronger sustainability measures, including revising Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) values for roofing and paving to achieve figures above 6.5. This will improve thermal performance and reduce heat gain. 5c. Measures to increase winter morning light penetration should be prioritized to reduce reliance on artificial lighting and improve energy efficiency. However, the
		Panel expressed some concerns around the lack of shading to the east and west elevations for summer heat gain. There is an opportunity to introduce shading elements to improve thermal performance.
Principle 6 Amenity		Good design optimises internal and external amenity for occupants, visitors and neighbours providing environments that are comfortable, productive and healthy.
	Р	6a. The Panel commended the use of voids in the landscape and entry area, noting that this design strategy creates an open and connected environment, reducing the sense of enclosure. The voids provide opportunities for children to engage with natural elements, which is strongly supported. However, there is an opportunity to explore better access to light through additional voids and configuration of the external play space on the middle level.

		6b. The inclusion of generous staff spaces is commended. However, better connections to the staff courtyard or the front setback landscaping through adjustment of levels would enhance usability.
		6c. The Panel suggested incorporating visual connections to the school grounds by integrating features such as small viewing windows or 'peep holes.' This would allow children to look out at the trees and school, fostering a sense of connection with the surrounding environment.
Principle 7 Legibility		Good design results in buildings and places that are legible, with clear connections and easily identifiable elements to help people find their way around.
	0	7a. The Panel supports the proposal's overall legibility, noting clear and well-organised elements.7b. It was suggested the front entry could be made more prominent and inviting to
	S	strengthen the sense of arrival. Revisions to fencing are encouraged to align better with the project's welcoming intent.
Principle 8 Safety		Good design optimises safety and security, minimising the risk of personal harm and supporting safe behaviour and use.
		8a. The Applicant was encouraged to consider fencing off the carpark to create a safe environment after hours.
	Р	8b. The laneway plan was questioned by the Panel in relation to security and surveillance. The question was asked if there is going to be a gate incorporated in this location to improve security.
		Good design responds to local community needs as well as the wider social context, providing environments that support a diverse range of people and facilitate social interaction.
		9a. The Panel supports the childcare use in this location, as it meets a clear community need.
	Р	 9b. The integration of community-focused landscaping, such as seating or gathering spaces, should be prioritized. Landscaping should transcend the "front garden" aesthetic to create spaces that encourage urban interaction. 9c. Public art could be introduced to enhance the site's community value and engagement.
Principle 10 Aesthetics		Good design is the product of a skilled, judicious design process that results in attractive and inviting buildings and places that engage the senses.
	Р	 10a. While the façade successfully demonstrates movement and transparency, it is overly busy and lacks cohesion. The design team is encouraged to simplify material use and refine the composition of architectural elements. 10b. The brick stair tower, while visually prominent, could be reimagined to reduce its dominance. Articulation could provide relief, where fire regulations allow. 10c. The parapet roofline is heavy and could be reimagined as a pitched or skillion roof to improve aesthetics and provide additional northern glazing. 10d. The Panel commented there is opportunity to better work signage into the scheme with more thought around how the branding will be integrated. 10e. The Panel expressed some concerns around the lack of shading to the east and west elevations for summer heat gain. There is an opportunity to introduce shading elements to further enhance the elevations, especially on the Wanneroo Road elevation. 10f. The proposed green feature element at the corner is considered superfluous and does not adequately contribute to site identity. A more architectural corner treatment should be explored to strengthen the site's presence and interface with the public realm. 10g. There is opportunity to carefully integrate playful design elements in the southern

Design Review progress Item 1 - PDA23/0105-73 Wanneroo Road, Tuart Hill - Pre Development Application - Child **Care Premise**

Principle 10 - **Aesthetics**

DRP Meeting – Thursday 5 December 2024 and 23 November 2023							
S	Design Principle satisfied						
Р	Design Principle pending further attention						
N	Design Principle not satisfied						
		DR1 17/8/2023	DR2 5/12/2024	DR3			
Princ	ciple 1 - Context and character	N	Р				
Princ	ciple 2 - Landscape quality	N	Р				
Princ	ciple 3 - Built form and scale	N	S				
Princ	ciple 4 - Functionality and build quality	N	Р				
Princ	ciple 5 - Sustainability		Р				
Princ	ciple 6 - Amenity	N	Р				
Princ	ciple 7 - Legibility		S				
Princ	ciple 8 - Safety		Р				
Princ	ciple 9 - Community	N	Р				

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DR1 – DRP Recommendations DRP Meeting – 23/11/2023	DR2 – Applicant Response DRP Meeting – 23/11/2023	DR2 DRP Recommendations DRP Meeting – 5/12/2024	DR2 – Applicant Response DRP Meeting – 5/12/2024
 1a. The Panel advises the proponent to provide a more comprehensive contextual analysis of the site including a Site Design Response diagram. This should include detailed commentary and diagramming around the unique qualities of the site and what the opportunities can be inspired by the local built form character and adjacent properties. 1b. A detailed opportunities and constraints analysis should be provided. 1c. The topography of the site should be further investigated, particularly in relation to the adjacent existing building. It was 	DRP Meeting – 23/11/2023	1b. The front landscaped setback offers an untapped opportunity to become a more meaningful urban space that better acknowledges its location at a harsh, vehicular-dominated corner. Rather than a traditional "garden," this area could be developed as a usable interface for both the community and the development. Seating, shading, and flexible-use spaces would enhance this interface and create a more active relationship with the site's context. 1c. The proposed green feature element at the corner is considered superfluous and does not adequately contribute to site identity. A more architectural corner treatment should be	DRP Meeting - 5/12/2024
suggested by the Panel to provide a series of cross section drawings which would assist to gain a better understanding of the proposal. These are useful as a design tool for the applicant to further understand the implications of design decisions. 1d. Future road widening should be shown on drawings including likely kerb and footpath locations. This will provide clarity to the Panel and the applicant to determine how the building can better respond to the corner location. This includes showing		explored to strengthen the site's presence and interface with the public realm. 1d. Further refinement is encouraged at the ground plane and main entry canopy to create a finer grain of detail and a more pedestrian-friendly experience. 1e. The façade design, while showing some significant improvement, requires refinement to ensure the use of brick is more cohesive and balanced, contributing to a stronger integration with the surrounding context and enhancing the building's character as a civic and community-focused presence.	

	devices to further enhance the street level activation of the proposal.		
1e.	The opportunity for increasing height on the corner should be explored in the re-planning of the facility. There is opportunity for a smaller footprint and a higher building which might better address the aspirations for the area and assist (alongside the analysis suggested in 1d) to deliver a supportable outcome.		
1h.	There is an opportunity to better address the part of the proposal on the north east corner of the site which directly addresses the entry space of the existing adjacent property.		
1i.	The Panel stated there is opportunity to improve the materiality of the proposal. development to facilitate a better design response.		
1j.	The Applicant was encouraged to explore ways for the child care centre to better interact with the street. The Panel expressed concern around children's activity spaces being suggested for "activated uses" as it is likely these will be screened from public view by curtains or other devices.		
1k.	Comment was made on how the building turns the corner and the lack of awning being problematic. The Applicant should meet the required widths wherever possible or create better design outcomes when it cannot conform including		

demonstrations of where and why	
it does not conform.	
2c. Whilst there is planting on deck the provision for soil volume is inadequate. The Panel suggested Volume 2 of Residential Design Codes could be followed as it provides good guidance on sustainable planting.	2b. The Panel commented that the overall landscape design is well-placed to contribute to the streetscape and benefit the wider community, though further refinement is needed to maximise its potential. 2c. The Panel noted that sections
2d. It was mentioned by the Panel the northern orientation of the northern portion of the landscape on the upper level could be supported in principle, however, the Applicant was encouraged to	currently do not provide sufficient information to show how external spaces are working. Further detail is required to demonstrate how landscaping integrates with the overall design.
investigate the implications of future development and the difference of scale of the neighbouring property will have in relation to overshadowing.	2d. It was recommended that the front setback buffer be developed further to provide a more urban feel. Incorporating paving, seating, and even shade elements could create a stronger sense of
2f. It was stated by the Panel cross sections would be beneficial and would provide the Panel with a better understanding of the development.	community and support public interaction. Opportunities also exist to reclaim some of this space to create an outlook and interactivity for staff use, and
2g. The Panel recommended including shade structures in the drawings at an early stage to a gain an understanding of how these fit into the proposal	connect to the first-floor activity room through a decking system. This would enhance activation and provide a more dynamic interface with the street. The necessity of the maintenance access located in the front garden was also questioned. The existing Canary Island Date Palm should be retained and celebrated as a valuable asset. Additional trees could be integrated around it to enhance the landscape and provide shade.
	2e. The detailing of planters needs further interrogation, particularly regarding their height, to ensure they function effectively.

	2f. Further clarity is required on how
	landscaping is supported on
	structure. Detailed sections
	showing the construction and
	feasibility of landscaping
	elements would strengthen
	confidence in the design
	approach.
	2g. The Panel suggested that some of
	the brickwork elements from the
	façade could be introduced into
	the landscape to provide material
	continuity and reinforce the
	architectural character.
	2h. The species list should be
	reviewed as Magnolia Grandiflora
	and Cercis Canadensis are on the
	shot-hole borer list. Replacing
	them with alternative species that
	are more resilient is
	recommended.
	2i. Artificial turf is considered
	acceptable in this scheme due to
	its shaded location, which
	significantly reduces toxic gases
	and minimizes heat gain.
	However, an overshadowing
	diagram should be provided to
	demonstrate this and ongoing
	management and maintenance of
	this surface should be
	considered.
	2j. The ground level tree to the west
	of the entry way may be
	somewhat constrained. This
	would benefit from additional
	consideration and could be
	better integrated to enhance the
	entry way and streetscape.
3a. The Panel stated the corner	
treatments are important and	
further thought and development is	
required. See comments under	
Principle 1	
	1

3b. The Panel showed concern the lack of understanding the building interacts with door property. It was state Panel cross sections when beneficial and would probetter understanding.	of how the next- ed by the ould be rovide a			
3c. Comment was made by the proposal is overdevelong the Applicant was unconsider the opportunity smaller footprint and an allevel to the Wanneron frontage.	pped and ged to y for a dditional			
4a. The Panel commente approach to the basement acceptable. It was sugge relocate the activity rooms upper level to provide exposure to light and ventage of the Applicant was encourage provide space for real land to allow light and air in building and then place activity rooms adjacent to areas. It was recommendetermine the hierarchy rooms and locate according the Although supportive comparating strategy, compared by the Par reduction in carparking rigustification by the Applica	t is not sted to sted to sto the more tilation. aged to dscape nto the ce the othese ded to of the agly. of the amment nel the equires	4b. 4c. 4d.	Finished floor levels (FFLs) should be included in plans for clarity. Reconsidering the stairwell's placement and orientation is recommended to improve circulation and light penetration into internal spaces. More detailed information on landscaping on structures is needed to confirm feasibility, including soil depths and planting heights. Cot rooms and activity spaces require enhanced light penetration. Creating a longer and more generous northern boundary landscaped skylight, plus enlarging decking voids would create brighter, more comfortable environments.	
5b. The Applicant was encour to explore sustainability in and make a commitment t appropriately addressing t design principle.	aged tiatives o	5b. 5c.	The Panel encourages stronger sustainability measures, including revising Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) values for roofing and paving to achieve figures above 6.5. This will improve thermal performance and reduce heat gain. Measures to increase winter	
			morning light penetration should be prioritized to reduce reliance	

on artificial lighting and improve
energy efficiency. However, the
Panel expressed some concerns
around the lack of shading to the
east and west elevations for
summer heat gain. There is an
opportunity to introduce shading
elements to improve thermal
performance.
voids in the landscape and entry
area, noting that this design
strategy creates an open and
connected environment, reducing
the sense of enclosure. The voids
provide opportunities for children
to engage with natural elements,
which is strongly supported.
However, there is an opportunity
to explore better access to light
through additional voids and
configuration of the external play
space on the middle level.
6b. The inclusion of generous staff
spaces is commended. However,
better connections to the staff
courtyard or the front setback
landscaping through adjustment
of levels would enhance usability.
6c. The Panel suggested
incorporating visual connections
to the school grounds by
integrating features such as small
viewing windows or 'peep holes.'
This would allow children to look
out at the trees and school,
fostering a sense of connection
with the surrounding environment.
7b. It was suggested the front entry
could be made more prominent
and inviting to strengthen the
sense of arrival. Revisions to
fencing are encouraged to align
· ·
welcoming intent.

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	8a. The Applicant was encouraged to
	consider fencing off the carpark to
	create a safe environment after
	hours.
	8b. The laneway plan was questioned
	by the Panel in relation to security
	and surveillance. The question
	was asked if there is going to be a
	gate incorporated in this location
	to improve security.
	9b. The integration of community-
9a. The Panel advise the childcare	focused landscaping, such as
use is a good location however	
further work is required to	seating or gathering spaces,
demonstrate what is being	should be prioritized. Landscaping
offered back to the community	should transcend the "front
through an improved design	garden" aesthetic to create
response.	spaces that encourage urban
	interaction.
9b. Better activation, potentially	9c. Public art could be introduced to
through integrated alternative	enhance the site's community
uses (such as a retail outlet) to	value and engagement.
Wanneroo Road could be	
considered.	
10a. The aesthetics of the proposal are	10a. While the façade successfully
developing but require significant	demonstrates movement and
work to deliver a cohesive design	transparency, it is overly busy and
idea across the entire proposal.	lacks cohesion. The design team
This includes the consideration of	is encouraged to simplify material
how the proposal can wrap	use and refine the composition of
around the corner more	architectural elements.
successfully. This includes better	10b. The brick stair tower, while
consideration of the road	visually prominent, could be
widening, awning provision, and	reimagined to reduce its
public realm integration across	dominance. Articulation could
significant level changes.	provide relief, where fire
10c. The Panel suggested that the	regulations allow.
southern façade held some	10c. The parapet roofline is heavy and
promise with regard to materiality	could be reimagined as a pitched
and articulation. The opportunity	or skillion roof to improve
to use brickwork selectively and	aesthetics and provide additional
carefully in other locations could	northern glazing.
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help refine a more cohesive	10d. The Panel commented there is
response.	opportunity to better work
	signage into the scheme with

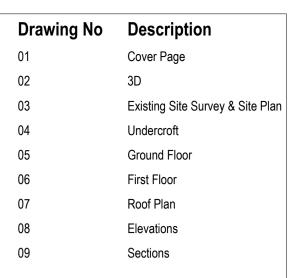
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	more thought around how the
	branding will be integrated.
	10e. The Panel expressed some
	concerns around the lack of
	shading to the east and west
	elevations for summer heat gain.
	There is an opportunity to
	introduce shading elements to
	further enhance the elevations,
	especially on the Wanneroo Road
	elevation.
	10f. The proposed green feature
	element at the corner is
	considered superfluous and does
	not adequately contribute to site
	identity. A more architectural
	corner treatment should be
	explored to strengthen the site's
	presence and interface with the
	public realm.
	10g. There is opportunity to carefully
	integrate playful design elements
	in the southern elevation to create
	a more welcoming environment
	for children.
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Macri Builders

Address:Lot 11 (#73) Wanneroo Road TUART HILL

Childcare Centre

Job Number: 23039











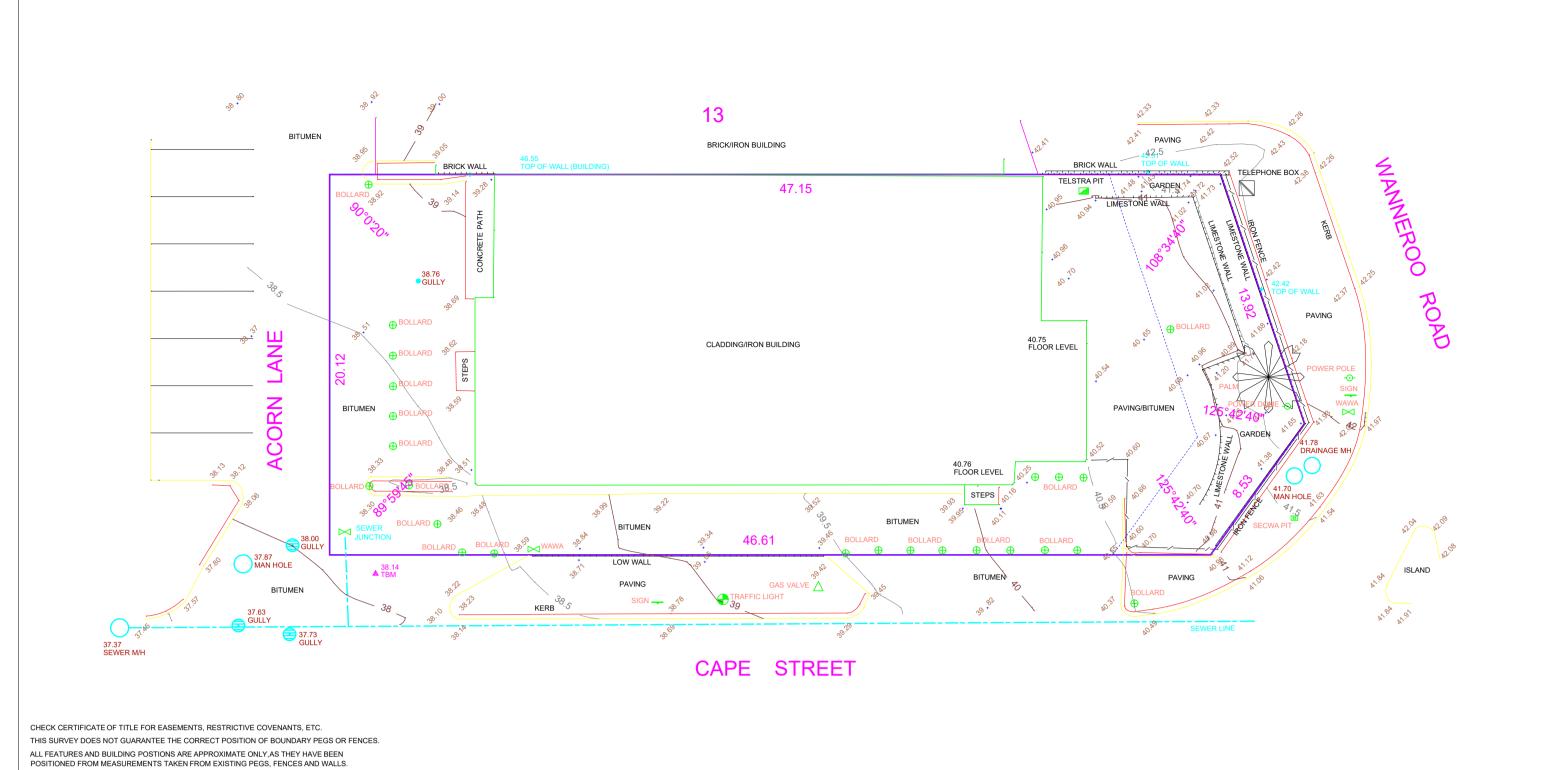
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3.00	Concept		04.07.
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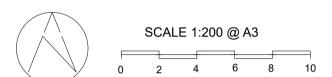
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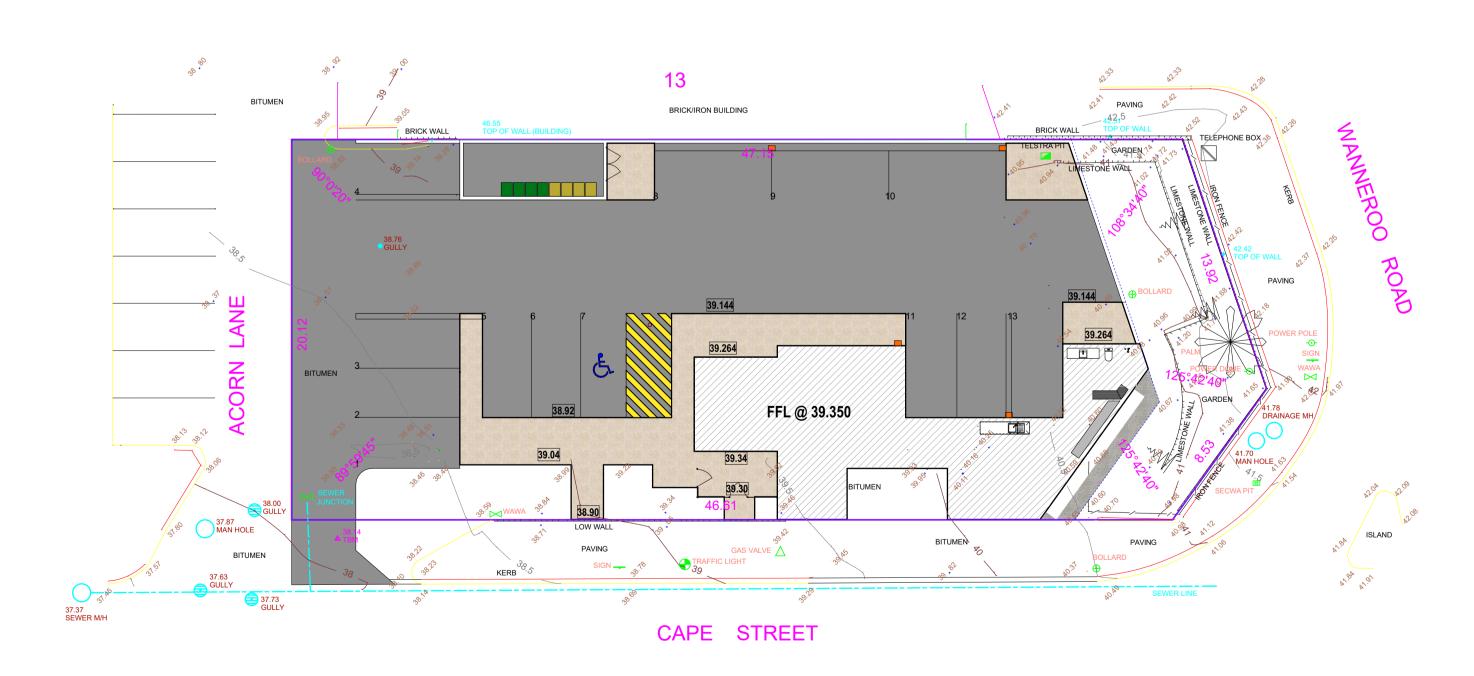
A BOUNDARY RE-ESTABLISHMENT SURVEY IS RECOMMENDED PRIOR TO UNDERTAKING ANY SITE WORKS OR CONSTRUCTION. LOT 11 (No.73) WANNEROO ROAD - TUART HILL ROSS McLOUGHLIN SCALE 1:200 @ A3 CONSULTING SURVEYOR SITE PLAN JOONDALUP: UNIT 1, 9 MERCER LANE LANCELIN: 4 SALVAIRE CRESCENT SCALE: 1:200 @ A3 SIZE LOCAL AUTHORITY: CITY OF STIRLING SURVEYOR: RAM MOBILE 0419 255 999 EMAIL rossmac@iinet.net.au DRAWN: RAM 28.11.2022 PLAN: LOT 11 ON DIAGRAM 20386 DATUM: AHD (APPROX. SEWER M/H LID) AREA: 991m 2 SDR FILE: WN7





INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS PLAN IS CURRENT AT THE DATE SHOWN.

ROSS McLOUGHLIN SURVEYS ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY CHANGES THAT HAVE OCCURED AFTER THIS DATE TO SITE LEVELS, FEATURES OR BUILDINGS. CADASTRAL BOUNDARY DIMENSIONS SHOWN HAVE BEEN OBTAINED FROM SURVEY PLANS AND ARE SUBJECT TO FIELD SURVEY.



CHECK CERTIFICATE OF TITLE FOR EASEMENTS, RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS, ETC. THIS SURVEY DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE CORRECT POSITION OF BOUNDARY PEGS OR FENCES. ALL FEATURES AND BUILDING POSTIONS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY, AS THEY HAVE BEEN POSITIONED FROM MEASUREMENTS TAKEN FROM EXISTING PEGS, FENCES AND WALLS. INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS PLAN IS CURRENT AT THE DATE SHOWN. ROSS McLOUGHLIN SURVEYS ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY CHANGES THAT HAVE OCCURED AFTER THIS DATE TO SITE LEVELS, FEATURES OR BUILDINGS. CADASTRAL BOUNDARY DIMENSIONS SHOWN HAVE BEEN OBTAINED FROM SURVEY PLANS

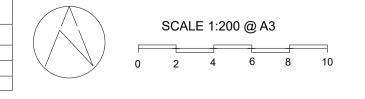
Site Plan

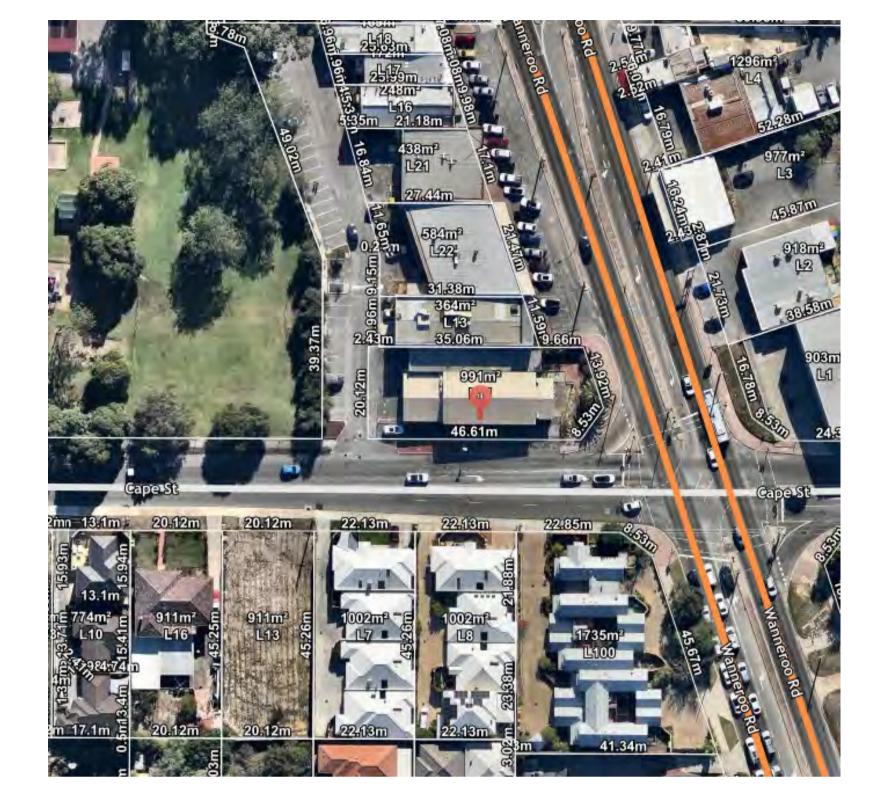
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AND ARE SUBJECT TO FIELD SURVEY.	
A BOUNDARY RE-ESTABLISHMENT SURVEY IS RECOMMENDED PRI ANY SITE WORKS OR CONSTRUCTION.	OR TO UNDERTAKING
ROSS McLOUGHLIN	LOT 11
CONSULTING SURVEYOR JOONDALUP: UNIT 1, 9 MERCER LANE	SITE PLAN
LANCELIN: 4 SALVAIRE CRESCENT	SCALE:
MOBILE 0419 255 999	DATE:

EMAIL rossmac@iinet.net.au

SITE PL	AN		
SCALE:	1:200 @ A3 SIZE	LOCAL AUTHORITY: CITY OF STIRLING	SURVEYOR: RAM
DATE:	28.11.2022	PLAN: LOT 11 ON DIAGRAM 20386	DRAWN: RAM
DATUM:	AHD (APPROX. SEWER M/H LID)	AREA: 991m ²	SDR FILE: WN7







Building			133.78		75,37
			133.78 m²	75,	378.6 r
I. Ground F	Floor				
Foyer			73.79		40,76
Activities			296.99		99,39
			370.78 m²	140,	158.3 r
2. First Floo	or				
Foyer			49.49		29,96
Act 6			96.55		43,79
Act 4 & 5			136.86		49,76
			282.90 m²	123,	518.3 r
			787.46 m²	339,	055.2 n
Site Calc	ulations				
Site Area				91m²	
Building F				Build F	
Site Cove	erage: e Site Covera	aco.		tSite Co nsert	verag
Zoning:	Sile Covera	ige.		R40	
Policies:				Stirling	
Heritage:			١	NA	
Bushfire:				۱A	
BAL:				NA TBC	
Acoustic: Sewer:				Rear	
Power:				Side	
Coastal:				NΑ	
Water:				ВС	
Wind Rat	ing:			BC	
8.00	Changes				13.11
7.00	Changes				03.10
6.00	Changes				03.09
5.00 4.00	Concept				27.08
3.00	Concept				04.07
2.00	Concept				04.07
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Revision Project N	Description				Date
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Project N	iame				
	are Centr	re			
Project A Lot 11	are Centr Address (#73) Wa		Road ⁻	TUAR	TΗ
Project A LOt 11 Drawing	are Centr Address (#73) Wa	anneroo			
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Project A Lot 11 Drawing Exist Scale: 1:2 Project N	are Central Address (#73) Water Title: ing Site Oolor: Oolor: No.:	anneroo e Surv	e:	Site	P A

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Room	Age (Yrs)	Quant.	Size	Staff Re
Activity 1	0-2	12	43.45m ²	3
Activity 2	0-2	12	45.47m ²	3
Activity 3	2-3	20	66.07m ²	4
Activity 4	2-3	15	49.89m ²	3
Activity 5	2-3	15	49.09m ²	3
Activity 6	3-5	20	66.07m ²	2
Total Internal = (Min 3.25m ² per c	child)	94	320.04m ² (Min 305.5	
Total External PI (Min 7m² per child	•	94	688.13m² (Min 658.0	0m² req)



dercr	oft				
ilding		133.78	75,3		
		133.78 m²	75,378.6		
ound	Floor				
yer		73.79	40,7		
tivities		296.99	99,3		
iviues					
		370.78 m ²	140,158.3		
st Flo	or				
yer		49.49	29,9		
6		96.55	43,7		
4 & 5		136.86	49,7		
		282.90 m²	123,518.3		
		787.46 m²	339,055.2		
Calc	culations		,		
Area		QQ-	1m²		
	- Footprint:		 uild Footp		
	erage:		ite Covera		
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ing:		R4			
cies:			rling		
tage:			NA		
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er:		Re	ar		
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d Rat	ing:	TB	С		
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.00	Changes Changes		03.1		
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.00	Concept		26.0		
.00	Concept		04.0		
.00	Concept		04.0		
.00	Concept		20.0		
ision	Description		Dat		
ect N	orth:				

Client Macri Builders

Project Name Childcare Centre

Undercroft

23039 Drawing No.:

Project Address Lot 11 (#73) Wanneroo Road TUART HILL

Scale:
1:100, 1:63.29 A1
Project No: Revision Number:

04 of 09

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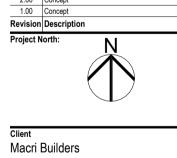
Room	Age (Yrs)	Quant.	Size	Staff	Red
Activity 1	0-2	12	43.45m ²	3	
Activity 2	0-2	12	45.47m ²	3	
Activity 3	2-3	20	66.07m ²	4	
Activity 4	2-3	15	49.89m ²	3	
Activity 5	2-3	15	49.09m ²	3	
Activity 6	3-5	20	66.07m ²	2	
Total Internal = (Min 3.25m ² per ch	ild)	94	320.04m² (Min 305.5		_
Total External Pla (Min 7m² per child)	•	94	688.13m² (Min 658.0	0m² re	q)



View from Activity 1 through to Prep & Activity 2



е		Area	Perim		
ndercr	oft				
uilding		133.78	75,37		
		133.78 m²	75,378.6 r		
round	Floor				
oyer		73.79	40,76		
ctivities		296.99	99,39		
CUVIUOS		370.78 m²	140,158.3 r		
inat Fla		370.76 111	140, 156.5 1		
irst Flo	or				
oyer		49.49	29,96		
ct 6		96.55	43,79		
ct 4 & 5	i	136.86	49,76		
		282.90 m²	123,518.3 r		
		787.46 m²	339,055.2 r		
e Calc	culations				
e Area	:	991	lm²		
ilding Footprint:		#Bı	#Build Footpir		
e Cove	erage:	#Si	#Site Coverag		
owable	e Site Coverage:	Ins	ert		
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licies:		Stir	ling		
ritage:		NA			
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8.00	Changes		13.11		
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5.00	Changes Concept		27.08		
4.00	Concept		26.08		
3.00	Concept		04.07		
2.00	Concept		04.07		
1.00	Concept		20.06		
vision	Description		Date		



Project Name Childcare Centre
Project Address Lot 11 (#73) Wanneroo Road TUART H
Drawing Title:
Ground Floor

1:100 Project No: Revision Number:	Ground Flo	or
Project No: Revision Number:	Scale:	Sheet Size:
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23039 8.0	Project No:	Revision Number:
	23039	3

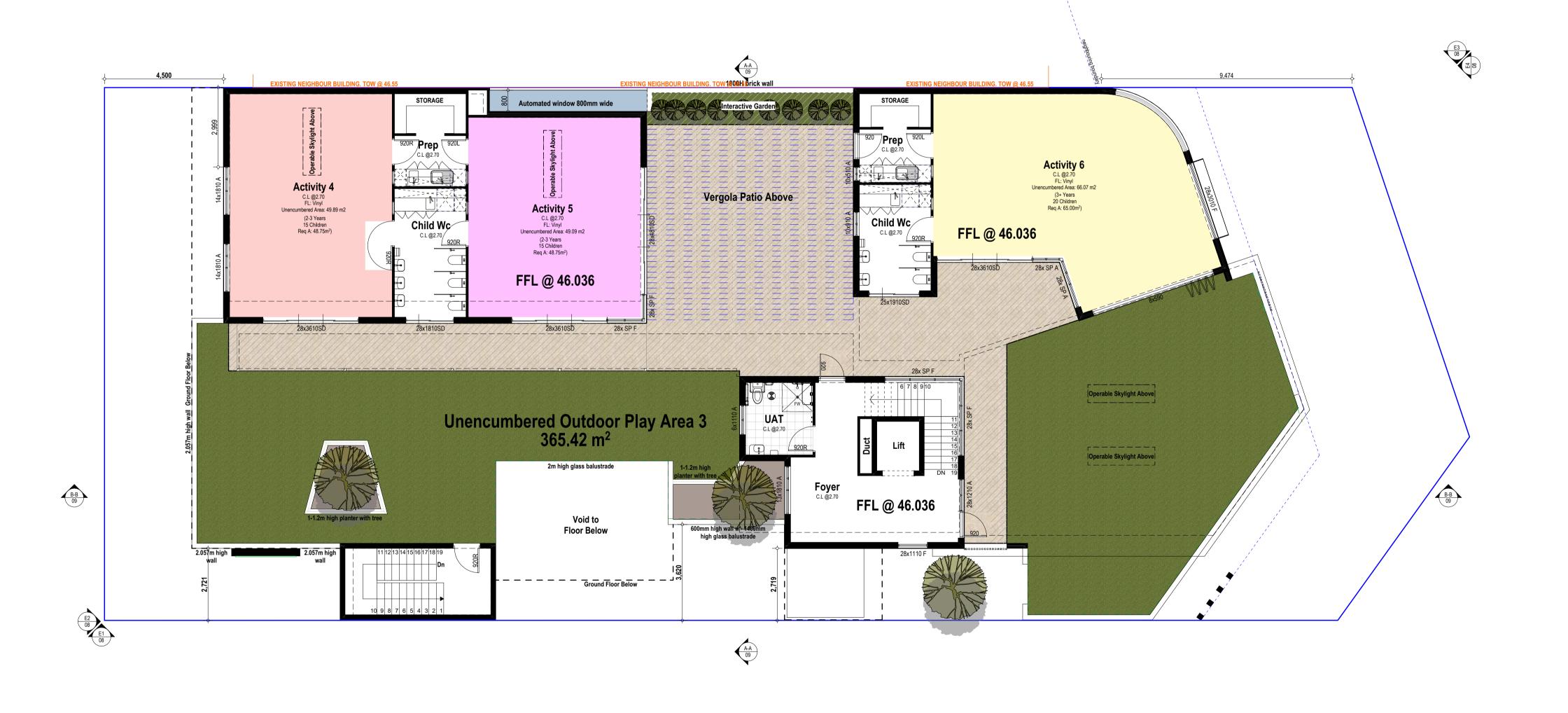
Drawing No.:		
05	of	09



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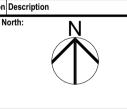
Room	Age (Yrs)	Quant.	Size	Staff	Re
Activity 1	0-2	12	43.45m ²	3	
Activity 2	0-2	12	45.47m ²	3	
Activity 3	2-3	20	$66.07m^2$	4	
Activity 4	2-3	15	49.89m ²	3	
Activity 5	2-3	15	49.09m ²	3	
Activity 6	3-5	20	66.07m ²	2	
Total Internal = (Min 3.25m² per o	child)	94	320.04m ² (Min 305.5		_
Total External Po (Min 7m² per child	•	94	688.13m² (Min 658.0	0m² re	q)



Zone	Area	Perin
0. Undercroft		
Building	133.78	75,3
	133.78 m²	75,378.6
1. Ground Floor		
Foyer	73.79	40,7
Activities	296.99	99,3
	370.78 m²	140,158.3
2. First Floor		
Foyer	49.49	29,9
Act 6	96.55	43,7
Act 4 & 5	136.86	49,7
	282.90 m²	123,518.3
	787.46 m²	339,055.2
Site Calculations		
Site Area:	99	1m²
Building Footprint:	#E	Build Footpi
Site Coverage:	#5	Site Covera
Allowable Site Coverage:	Ins	sert

OILE AIE	a.	991111	
Building	Footprint:	#Build Fo	otpint
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Allowabl	le Site Coverage:	Insert	
Zoning:		R40	
Policies:		Stirling	
Heritage	: :	NA	
Bushfire	:	NA	
BAL:		NA	
Acoustic	:	TBC	
Sewer:		Rear	
Power:		Side	
Coastal:		NA	
Water:	Water: TBC		
Wind Ra	ating:	TBC	
8.00	Changes		13.11.24

.00	Changes		13.11.24	
.00	Changes		03.10.24	
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.00	Concept		27.08.24	
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.00	Concept		04.07.24	
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.00	Concept		20.06.24	
ision	Description		Date	
ject North:				
	IN			



Macri Builders

Project Name Childcare Centre

Project Address Lot 11 (#73) Wanneroo Road TUART HILL

First Floor

Scale: Sheet Size: 1:100, 1:63.29 A1
Project No: Revision Number:

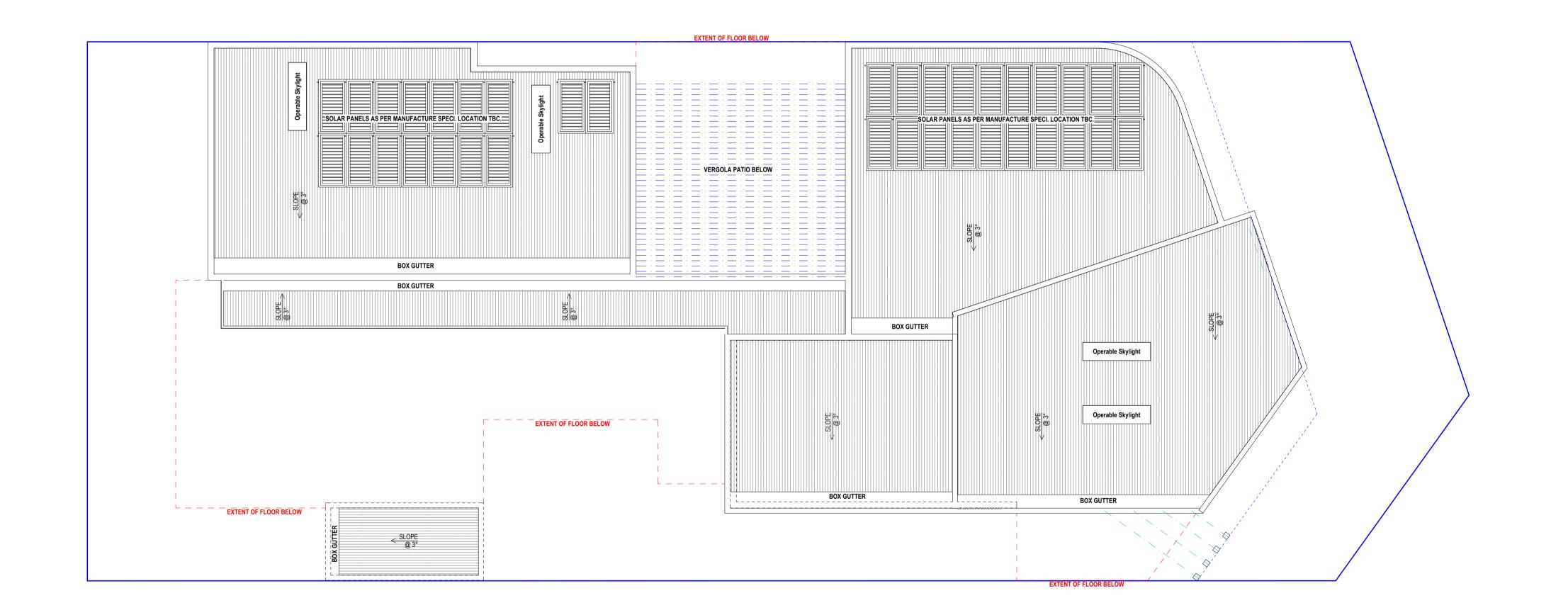
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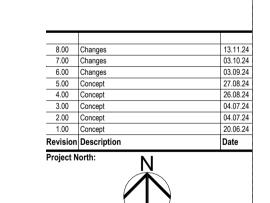
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Client
Macri Builders
Project Name

Project Name Childcare Centre

Project Address
Lot 11 (#73) Wanneroo Road TUART HILL

Drawing Title:

Roof Plan

Drawing No.:

07 of 09

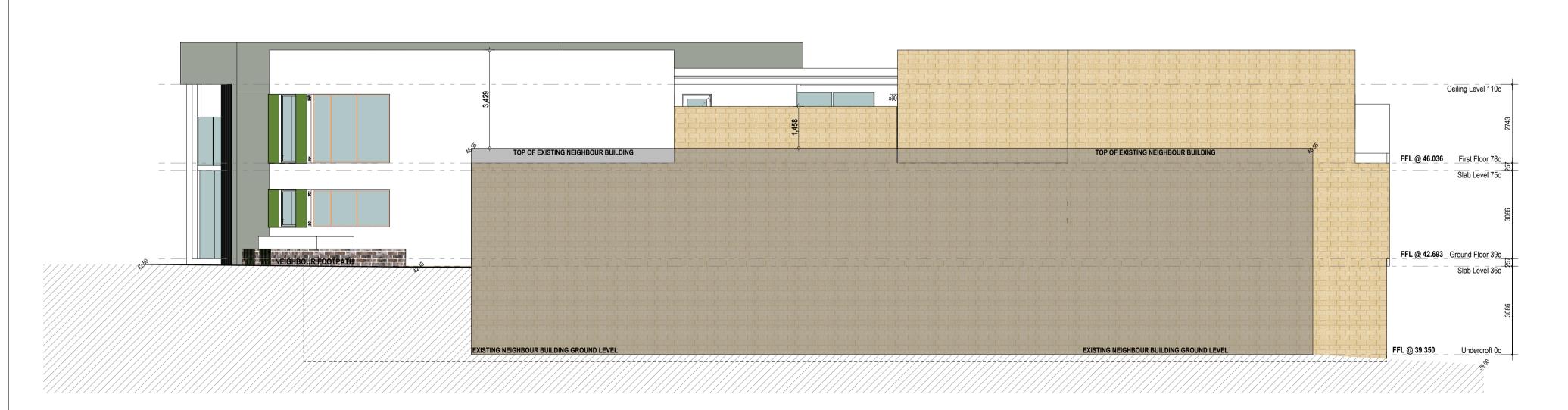


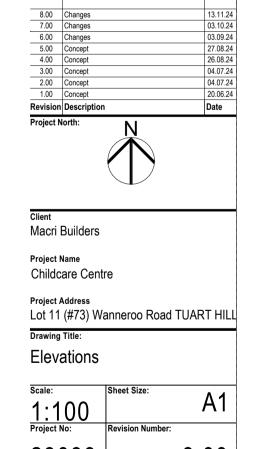
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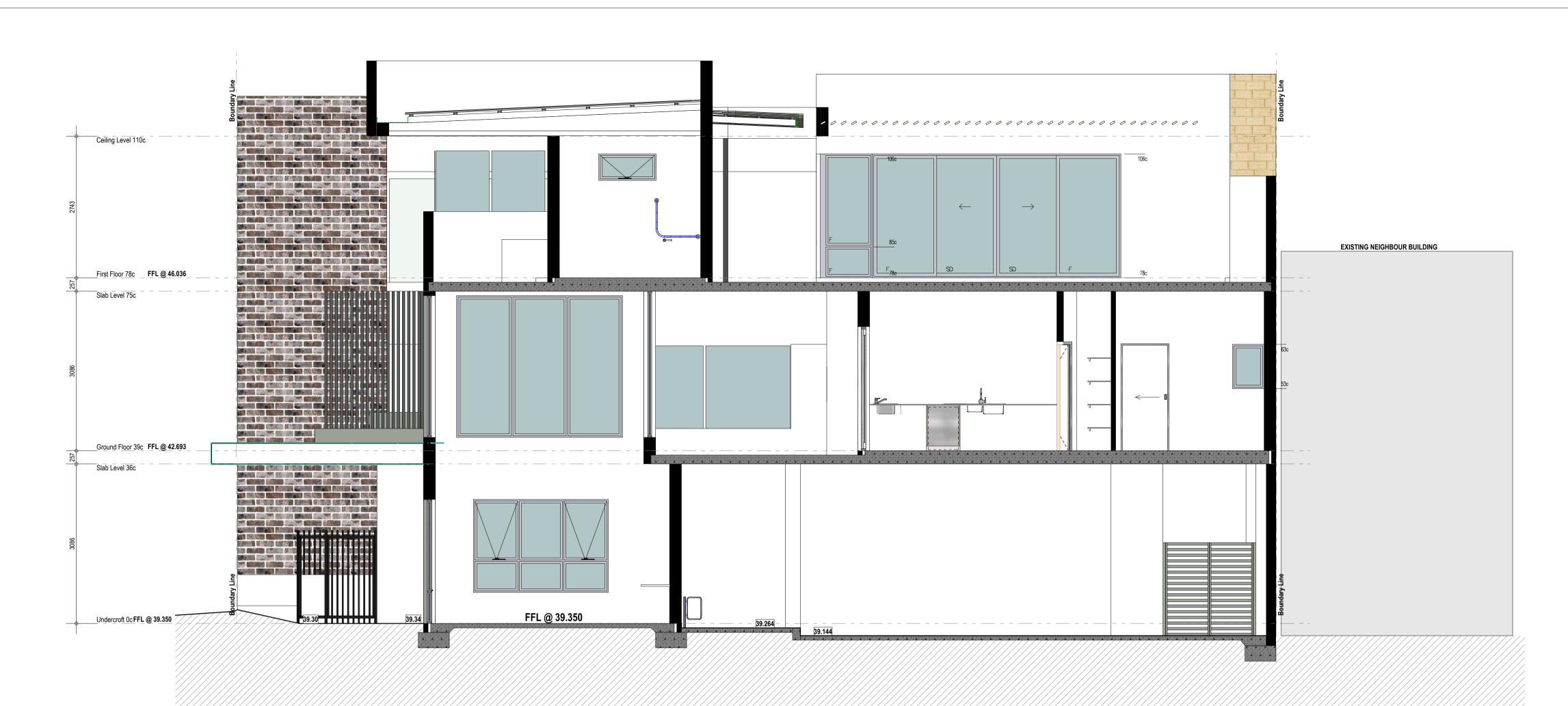






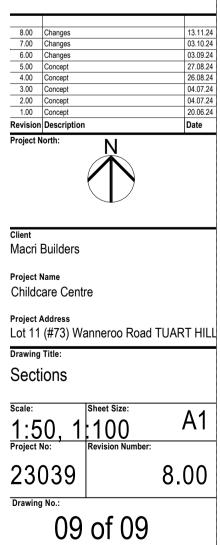


North Elevation 1:100









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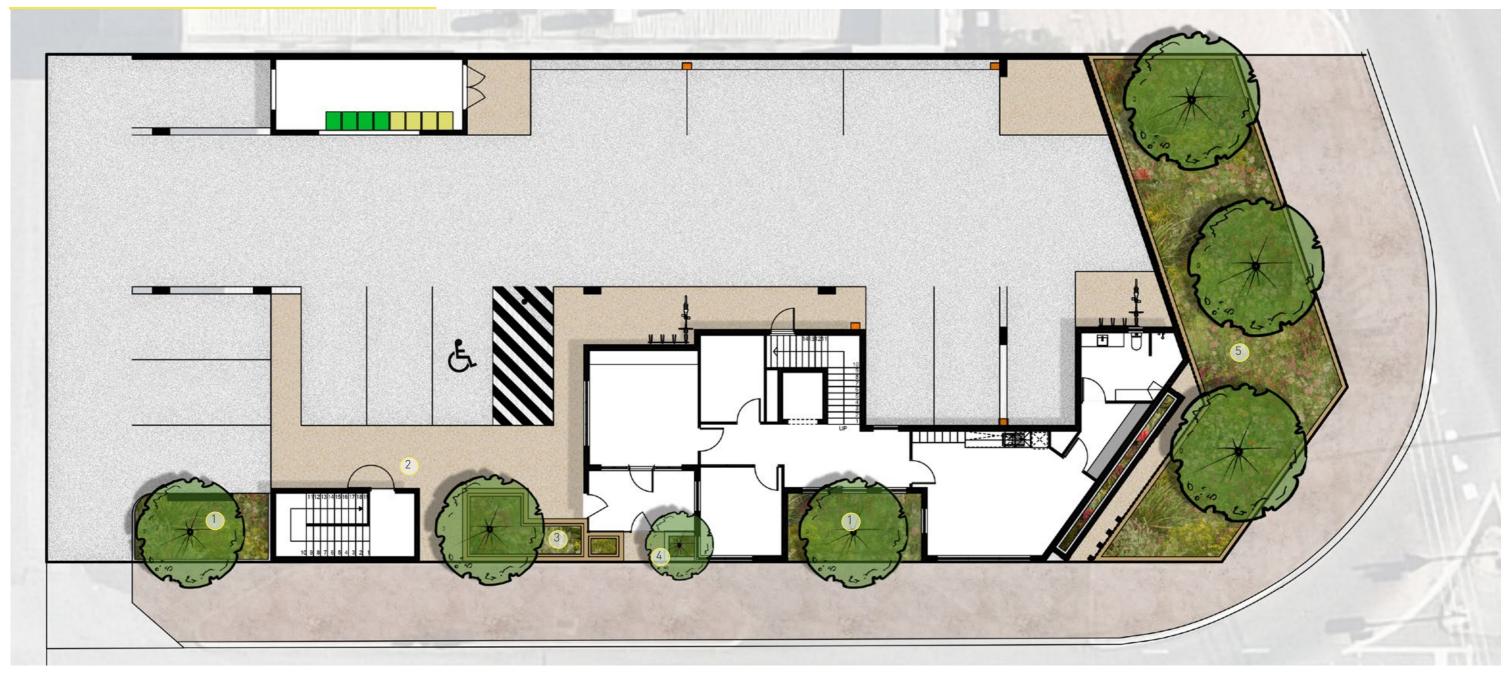
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73 WANNEROO ROAD CHILDCARE CENTRE

LANDSCAPE CONCEPT PLANS
NOVEMBER 2024



UNDERCROFT LANDSCAPE



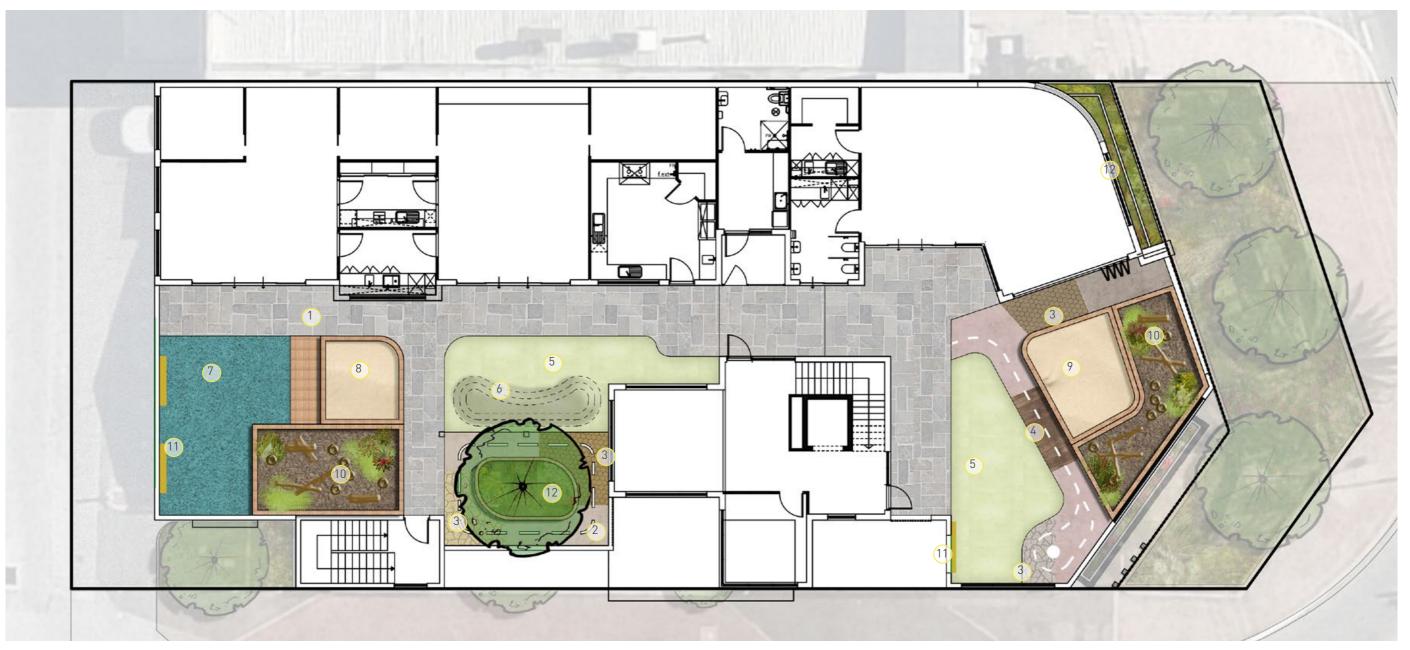
LEGEND

- IN GROUND PLANTING WITH SMALL MEDIUM NATIVE TREE
- EXPOSED AGGREGATE PAVEMENT
- RAISED PLANTERS WITH SHADE TOLERANT PLANTING AND SMALL FEATURE TREE
- RAISED PLANTERS WITH SHADE TOLERANT PLANTING AND FEATURE SHRUB
- 5 FEATURE NATIVE PLANTING BUFFER TO WANNEROO RD WITH MEDIUM NATIVE TREES

73 WANNEROO ROAD CHILDCARE CENTRE LANDSCAPE CONCEPT



GROUND FLOOR LANDSCAPE



LEGEND

- FEATURE UNIT PAVING TO VERANDAHS
- PROPOSED BIKE TRACK WITH LINEMARKING
- SENSORY TACTILE INLAYS TO BIKE TRACK (FLAGSTONE PAVEMENT; COBBLESTONE; PEBBLE INLAY)
- PROPOSED TIMBER BRIDGE TO BIKE TRACK
- SYNTHETIC TURF SOFTFALL FOR FLEXIBLE USE FOR USE IN UNDERCOVER AREAS ONLY WITH COOL YARN VARIETY
- SYNTHETIC TURF MOUND FOR CRAWLING

- 7 RUBBER SOFTFALL AREA FOR PLAY EQUIPMENT
- 8 RAISED SANDPIT MIN 300MM HIGH WITH RAMP ACCESS FOR BABIES
- 9 RAISED SANDPIT MIN 300MM HIGH WITH STEP ACCESS
- RAISED MULCH PLAY AREA MIN 450MM HIGH WITH 30% PLANTING AND NATURE PLAY ITEMS
- (11) PLAY PANELS TO BE FIXED TO WALLS

1000MM MIN HIGH PLANTER WITH SMALL FEATURE TREE AND SENSORY PLANTING

73 WANNEROO ROAD CHILDCARE CENTRE LANDSCAPE CONCEPT





LEVEL ONE LANDSCAPE



LEGEND

- 1 FEATURE UNIT PAVING TO VERANDAHS
- 2 PROPOSED BIKE TRACK WITH LINEMARKING
- 3 SENSORY TACTILE INLAYS TO BIKE TRACK (FLAGSTONE PAVEMENT; COBBLESTONE; PEBBLE INLAY)
- PROPOSED TIMBER BRIDGE TO BIKE TRACK
- 5 SYNTHETIC TURF SOFTFALL FOR FLEXIBLE USE WITH COOL YARN VARIETY
- 6 RUBBER SOFTFALL AREA FOR PLAY EQUIPMENT
- 7 RAISED SANDPIT MIN 300MM HIGH WITH STAIR ACCESS

- (8) RAISED SANDPIT MIN 300MM HIGH WITH FEATURE BOULDERS AND MUD KITCHEN
- 9 RAISED MULCH PLAY AREA MIN 450MM HIGH WITH 30% PLANTING AND NATURE PLAY ITEMS

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PLAN E

- (10) 1000MM MIN HIGH PLANTER WITH SMALL FEATURE TREE AND SENSORY PLANTING
- (11) RAISED PLANTER WITH CLIMBING PLANTS TO PERGOLA

73 WANNEROO ROAD CHILDCARE CENTRE LANDSCAPE CONCEPT

JOB NO. 2314501

1:200 @ A3

CONCEPT IMAGERY























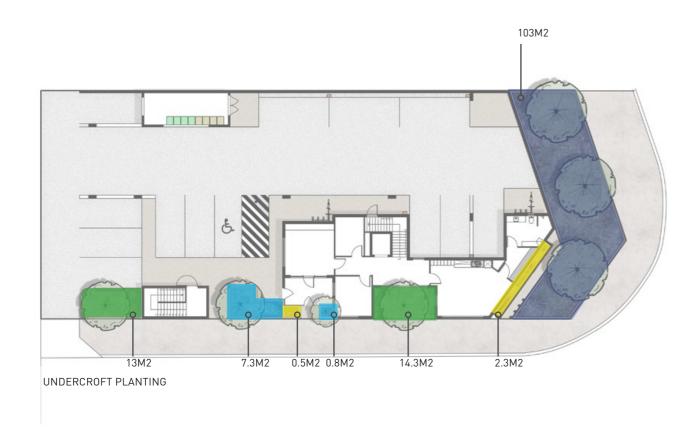


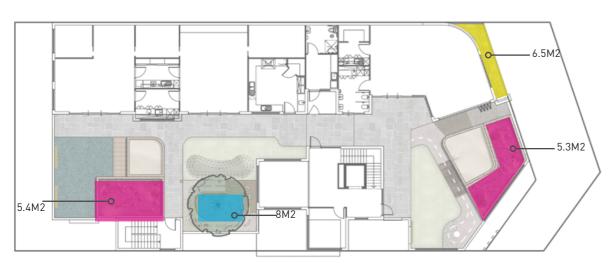




73 WANNEROO ROAD CHILDCARE CENTRE LANDSCAPE CONCEPT







GROUND FLOOR PLANTING



LEVEL 1 PLANTING

LEGEND

IN GROUND PLANTING	27.3 M2
RAISED PLANTER 1000-1200MM HIGH	38.6 M2
RAISED PLANTER 600MM HIGH	18.5 M2
PLANTING TO RAISED MULCH AREA 450MM HIGH - 30% OF MULCH AREA TO BE PLANTED	19 M2
IN GROUND PLANTING OUTSIDE OF SITE BOUNDARY	103 M2



TREES



LAGERSTROEMIA NATCHEZ 'SIOUX'

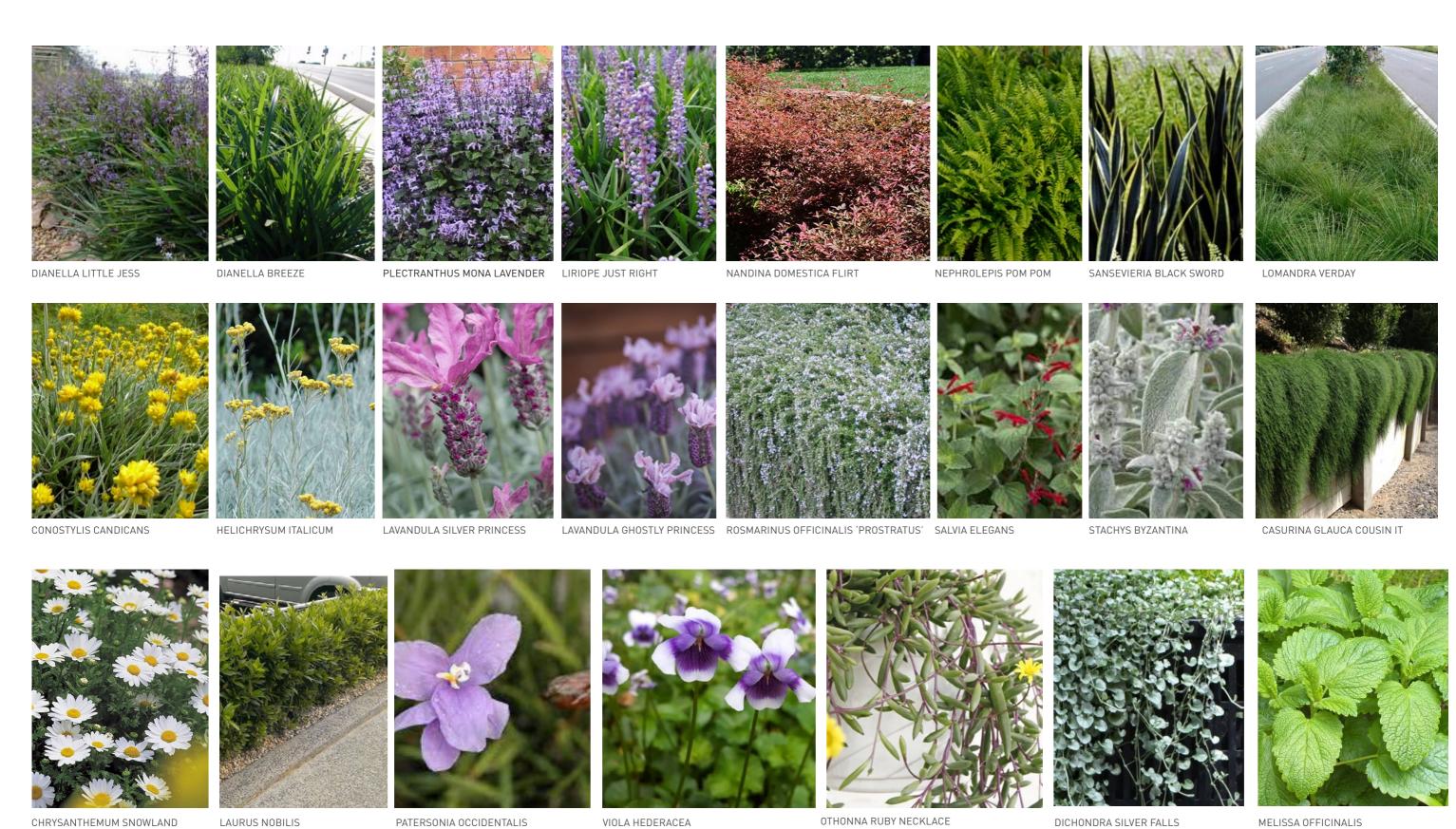
CITRUS × MEYERI - MEYER LEMON

CUPANIOPSIS ANACARDIOIDES

CERCIS CANADENSIS

CITRUS × LATIFOLIA -TAHITIAN LIME

PLANTING



73 WANNEROO ROAD CHILDCARE CENTRE LANDSCAPE CONCEPT



JOB NO. 2314501

1:200 @ A3



SUSTAINABILITY DESIGN COMMITMENTS

PROPOSED CHILDCARE CENTRE

Lot 11 (#73) Wanneroo Road Tuart Hill

PREPARED BY

NYONIKA OBERAI

Project: 131124

Published date.

18/11/2024



DOCUMENT HISTORY AND REVISION DETAILS

DATE	DOCUMENT	COMPLETED BY	APPROVED BY	REVISION NO.
18/11/2024	Architectural Plans	Nyonika Oberai	Glenn Underwood	1

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SOURCES OF INFORMATION

DRAWING NO.	DRAWING TITLE	REVISION NO.
23039	Architectural Drawings	Design Approval

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DISCLAIMER

The contents of this report are based on the documentation and plans provided by the Client to EMERGEN/CADDS Group. The outcomes presented are representative of schematic systems, schedules, and project design. These results should not be considered as actual energy usage.





CONTENTS

1	ST	FATE PLANNING POLICY SUMMARY	ŀ
	1.1	SUSTAINABILITY COMMITMENTS	5





1 STATE PLANNING POLICY SUMMARY

EMERGEN (a division of CADDS GROUP), in collaboration with the design team (Lateral Planning) has developed a sustainable design strategy for the proposed Childcare Centre, aligning with *State Planning Policy 7.0*, which focuses on the Design of the Built Environment - specifically, Principle 5: Sustainability.

This report serves the vital purpose of bolstering the development application by articulating the sustainability principles and commitments for the project site. We acknowledge the significance of State Planning Policy 7.0 in promoting sustainability within the built environment. Good design, as outlined in the policy, is not only about aesthetics but also optimises the sustainability of our built surroundings, yielding positive outcomes on environmental, social, and economic fronts.

Our approach to sustainable landscape and urban design adheres closely to the established water-sensitive urban design principles, ensuring minimal adverse impacts on existing natural features and ecological processes while promoting green infrastructure at all scales of the project. Furthermore, our strategy for sustainable built environments embraces passive environmental design measures tailored to local climate and site conditions. This includes careful consideration of optimal orientation, shading, building envelope, and natural ventilation, ultimately reducing reliance on energy-intensive heating and cooling technologies. This, in turn, results in reduced energy consumption, decreased resource usage, and lowered operating costs throughout the project's lifecycle.





1.1 SUSTAINABILITY COMMITMENTS

The design team will utilise a structured approach to a sustainable outcome for the design and construction of the development including the following Sustainable Commitments.

Table 1:Sustainability Commitments

DESCRIPTION	GOAL	SUSTAINABILITY COMMITMENTS
CLEAR AIR		Outdoor air provided to primary areas at a rate at least 50% greater than minimum in AS 1668.2:2012. (TBC based on mechanical consultant).
LIGHT QUALITY	Improve indoor environment	Above 40% of the regularly occupied areas have high level of daylight (above 160 Lux).
EXPOSURE TO TOXINS	quality and health and wellbeing of occupants.	The building's paints adhesives, sealants, and carpets/vinyl are low in TVOC or non-toxic. The building's engineered wood products are low in TVOC or non-toxic. Occupants are not exposed to banned or highly toxic materials in the building.
HEAT RESILIENCE	Reduce impacts of long-term performance.	Light Roof Colour (SRI below 0.50)
ENERGY USE		A minimum of 30% offset in operational energy usage; Low energy fixtures and fittings
SOLAR ANALYSIS		Adequate daytime sunlight with effective shading to prevent overheating
RENEWABLE ENERGY	Reduce emissions and	Solar PV Panels
WATER USE	water use.	High WELS Ratings (these equal to above 30% reduction in potable water); Water retention swales (design has provision)
LIGHTING USE		20% reduction in lighting power when compared to NCC DTS.
RECYCLE MATERIALS	Recyclable materials	Project integrates recyclable materials, including recycled asphalt paving.
MOVEMENT AND PLACE	Low carbon options.	Provision for minimum 1 x EV Charging Bays Bike racks (including visitors racks) provided
DESIGN FOR INCLUSION	Social health.	Disability Access and inclusive design. End of trip facilities