

Connection Charge Amounts – NPMH Project

Western Power and Property Owners share the cost of the electrical network costs for the project while property owners are solely responsible for their consumer mains connection charge.

The network cost allocation was calculated by City of Vincent as they were the main Local Government stakeholder in this project. To find information on how the network charge allocation was calculated please go to the City of Vincent's website or refer to the City of Stirling news article dated 28 March 2025.

The network figure isn't included in the below charges as this document only outlines how the consumer mains connection charge has been apportioned to each property by connection type. Each property in the project area will be charged a network fee while not every property will incur a connection charge.

The connection charge is determined firstly by the connection type and then by how many dwellings are connected to that main meter.

If the property already has an existing underground consumer main connection (EC) to the main meter, then there may be no connection charge. However, if the existing connection (EC) is associated with a Cut/Cap then a connection charge will apply.

- For a property that has an existing connection with Cut/Cap it is the Type 2 connection
- For a property that has an existing connection with no Cut/Cap it is the Type 3 connection

A Cut/Cap connection type is where the meter box is connected to the private pole with the network cable connected from the overhead network to the top of that private pole. The network cable is placed underground and connected to a new or existing pillar. The private pole is cut above the meter box and then capped. The segment of the private pole that has been cut off is then disposed of by Western Power. If the private pole is a distance from the pillar, a new connection type may be allocated by Western Power due to the extra cabling and work required or the current cabling isn't sufficient.

For a property that has only one dwelling connection to the main meter the factor will be 1. This will result in a charge amount as outlined below:

- Type 1 = \$3,457.24
- Type 2 = \$3,457.24
- Type 3 = \$0

A property that has multiple dwelling connections to the main meter will have a charge factor of the number of dwellings connected to that main meter. As an example, there are 11 units in the property boundary; the factor will be 11.

This will result in a charge amount as outlined below:

- Type 1 and 2 = \$3,457.24 divided by the factor of 11 = \$314.30
- Type 3 = \$0

Each property will receive an Underground Power Rates Notice for its connection charge, if multiple properties are owned by the same owner that owner will receive multiple notices.

Connection types

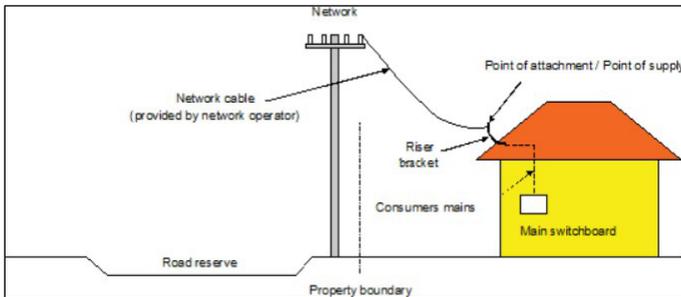
Type 1a – Existing Overhead Connection without private pole

Identified on your Underground Power Rates Notice as:

- New Pillar and New Connection (NPNC) (MNPNC) - \$3,457.24 charge amount (divided by number of properties connected to that main meter)
- Existing Pillar and New Connection (EPNC) (MEPNC) - \$3,457.24 charge amount (divided by number of properties connected to that main meter).

Connection charge is based on how many connections to the main meter. The Rates Notice will have **Multi** as part of the connection description to identify if it is a multi-dwelling setup.

Figure 1a: Overhead connection from Power Pole to Property.



Type 1b – Existing Overhead Connection with private pole

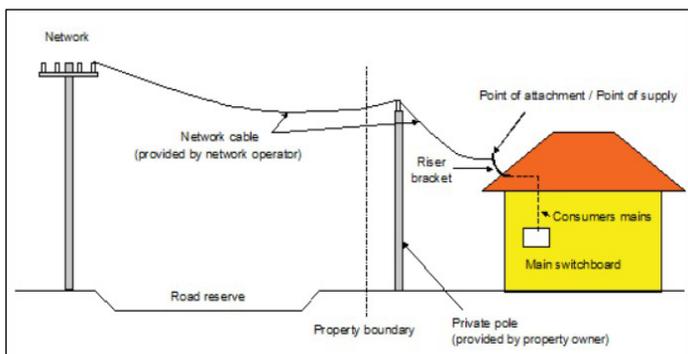
Identified on your Underground Power Rates Notice as:

- New Pillar and New Connection (NPNC) (MNPNC) - \$3,457.24 charge amount (divided by number of properties connected to that main meter, refer to example)
- Existing Pillar and New Connection (EPNC) (MEPNC) - \$3,457.24 charge amount (divided by number of properties connected to that main meter).

Generally, the private pole will be removed and disposed of by Western Power.

Connection charge is based on how many connections to the main meter. The Rates Notice will have **Multi** as part of the connection description to identify if it is a multi-dwelling setup.

Figure 1b: Overhead connection to Private Pole and overhead connection to Property.



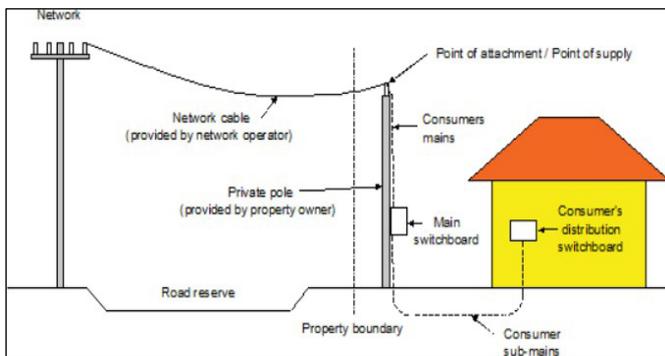
Type 2 – Existing Overhead to Underground Connection

Identified on your Underground Power Rates Notice as a Cut/Cap:

- New Pillar and New Connection Cut/Cap (NPNC CC) (MNPNC CC) - \$3,457.24
(divided by number of properties connected to that main meter, refer to example)

The private pole is cut above the meter box and then capped. The segment of the private pole that has been cut off is then disposed of by Western Power. If the private pole is an extensive distance from the pillar a new connection type may be allocated by Western Power due to the extra cabling and work required.

Figure 2: Overhead connection to Private Pole and underground connection to Property.



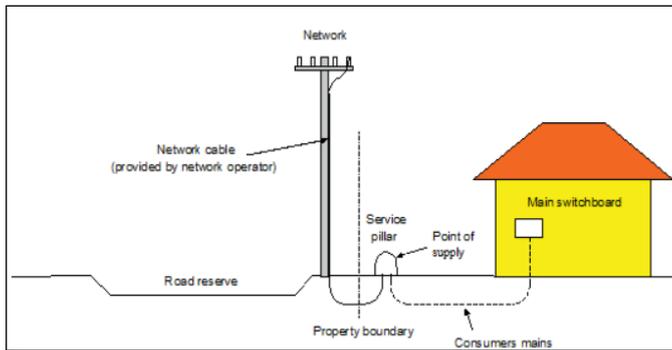
Connection charge is based on how many connections to the main meter.

The Rates Notice will have Multi as part of the connection description to identify if it is a multi-dwelling setup.

Type 3a – Existing Underground Connection (EPEC) (POA-EC)

For this type of connection, you will still receive an Underground Power Rates Notice as there is still the Network charge component owed by the property owner but there will be no charge for these connection types.

Figure 3a: Underground connection from Power Pole to Property via Service Pillar.



Type 3b – Vacant Land (VAC)

For this type of connection, you will still receive an Underground Power Rates Notice as there is still the Network charge component owed by the property owner but there will be no charge for these connection types.

Figure 3b: Underground connection from Power Pole to Service Pillar, this is part of the network infrastructure cost which is shared between Western Power and the Property Owner.

